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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

Securities Exhange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	02/01/2001	AND ENDING	01/31/2002
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTII	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: PACIFIC C	OMMONWEALTH CORP	ORATION	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use P.O	. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1100 Mar West Street, Suite E			<u> </u>
	(No. and Street)		
Tiburon	Californ	nia	94920
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Melanie K. Hoffner	SON TO CONTACT II		PORT 415) 435-8400
110 1 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who	ose oninion is containe	d in this Report*	
Bennett, David B., CPA	oo opmon is commine	a m uno respon	
4)	lame – if individual, state la	st, first, middle name)	
76 Main Street, Suite A	Tiburon	California	94920
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	•		
✓ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant	•		PROCESSE
☐ Accountant not resident in United	l States or any of its po	ssessions.	P APR 2 3 2002
	FOR OFFICIAL USE (DNLY	THOMSON FINANCIAL

SEC 1410 (05-01)

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^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Melanie K. Hoffner	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and
belief the accompanying financial statement and Pacific Commonwealth Corporation	
January 31 , 20 02	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither
	rector has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely
COMPA, #1227698 Notary Public-California MARIN COUNTY My Comm. Exp. July 31, 2003 Clicaliel Salma	Mulanu N. Association Signature Chief Financial Officer Title
 (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Par (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to C (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirem (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation. ✓ (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. 	Claims of Creditors. The sents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Quirements Under Rule 15c3-3. Of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

January 31, 2002 and 2001

DAVID B. BENNETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 76 MAIN STREET, SUITE A TIBURON, CALIFORNIA 94920 [415] 435-5966

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Stockholder Pacific Commonwealth Corporation

I have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation as of January 31, 2002 and January 31, 2001 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for each of the two years then ended as filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements, and the supplemental schedules discussed below, are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation at January 31, 2002 and January 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

March 15, 2002 Tiburon, California Osud Benun -

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS JANUARY 31, 2002 AND 2001

See Accountant's Audit Report

ASSETS

	2002	<u>2001</u>
Cash and equivalents Receivable - affiliate Investment in securities Prepaid expenses Refundable deposits	\$ 408,172 4,653 59,100 1,823 3,570	\$ 404,444 3,437 59,100 711 3,570
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>477,318</u>	\$ <u>471,262</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Accrued expenses Income tax payable Funds held in trust	\$ 60 48 -0	7 -0-
Total Liabilities	1,08	7 2,458
Common stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 50 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	2,50 260,00 <u>213</u> ,73	0 260,000
Total Stockholder's Equity	476,23	1 468,804
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$ <u>477,31</u>	8 \$ <u>471,262</u>

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2002 AND 2001

See Accountant's Audit Report

DEE INCOME.	2002	2001
FEE INCOME: Consulting	\$ <u>20,129</u>	\$ <u>18,486</u>
Total Income	20,129	18,486
OPERATING EXPENSES: Administration Automobile Computer expense Dues and subscriptions Furniture and equipment rental Insurance Legal and accounting Office expense Postage Promotion and entertainment	10,722 59 31 245 655 1,895 4,750 265 335 64	20,240 71 29 235 555 1,450 5,750 319 302 46
Rent Registration and assessment fees Salaries Taxes and licenses Taxes - payroll Telephone Travel Utilities Total Operating Expenses	1,657 1,451 2,100 114 165 265 612 	1,360 1,746 1,667 550 157 261 422
OPERATING LOSS	<u>25,395</u> (5,266)	35,168 (16,682)
OTHER INCOME: Dividends Interest Gain on sale of securities Miscellaneous income	7,615 7,245 -0- <u>-0-</u>	11,698 10,176 200 1,200
Total Other Income	14,860	23,274
NET INCOME BEFORE TAXES	9,594	6,592
TAXES ON INCOME	2,167	1,672
NET INCOME AFTER TAXES	7,427	4,920
Add: Retained Earnings, beginning of year	206,304	201,384
RETAINED EARNINGS, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>213,731</u>	\$ <u>206,304</u>

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2002 AND 2001

See Accountant's Audit Report

	Common <u>Stock</u>	Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings	_ Total
Stockholder's equity, January 31, 2000	\$ 2,500	\$ <u>200,000</u>	\$ <u>201,384</u>	\$ <u>403,884</u>
Paid in capital		60,000		60,000
Net income		 	4,920	4,920
Stockholder's equity, January 31, 2001	2,500	260,000	206,304	468,804
Net income			_7,427	_7,427
Stockholder's equity, January 31, 2002	\$ 2,500	\$ <u>260,000</u>	\$ <u>213,731</u>	\$ <u>476,231</u>

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2002 AND 2001

See Accountant's Audit Report

	2002	2001
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Net income Items not affecting cash (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) decrease in refundable deposits Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in funds held in trust Increase (decrease) in taxes payable	\$ 7,427 -0- (1,216) (1,112) -0- 600 (2,458) <u>487</u>	\$ 4,920 -0- 285 929 (1,045) (298) (1,525) -0-
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,728	3,266
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Sale (purchase) of securities Net cash provided by investing activities		(59,100) (59,100)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities: Increase in paid in capital		60,000
Net Cash provided by financing activities	- 0 -	60,000
Net Increase in Cash and Equivalents	3,728	4,166
Cash and Equivalents at Beginning of the Year	404,444	400,278
Cash and Equivalents at End of the Year	\$ <u>408,172</u>	\$ <u>404,444</u>
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid for taxes	\$ <u>1,672</u>	\$ <u>1,978</u>
Interest paid on borrowing	\$	\$

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 31, 2002 AND 2001

See Accountant's Audit Report

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Description of Operations</u>

Pacific Commonwealth Corporation, the Company, operates as a registered securities broker/dealer and financial advisor. Its business activities consist of structuring and underwriting new issue securities, trading securities and providing financial advisory services to public and private sector clients. All of the Company's stock is owned by Pacific Commonwealth Group, Inc., a holding company.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Recognition

Fees and commissions are recognized as income when contractual obligations are satisfied and the income is reasonably determinable. Realized gains and losses on security trades are recognized on a specific identification basis on the trade date.

Financial Instruments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, have an original maturity of 90 days or less, and present an insignificant risk of change in value because of interest rate changes. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at approximate fair value because of the short period to maturity of the instruments.

Marketable securities are carried at market value and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management. The difference between cost and market (or fair value) is reflected in the unrealized gain (loss) account. Dividends are recorded as income on the date the stock trades "ex-dividend". Securities held for investment purposes are distinguished from those held for trading purposes.

The Company maintains a separate bank account, as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission rule 15(c)3-3, not subject to bank set-off privileges in order to transact customer trades.

These notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 31, 2002 AND 2001

See Accountant's Audit Report

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Income Taxes

Income tax expense may differ from the actual amount payable due to net operating loss carrybacks or carryforwards, and the unrealized gain or loss on marketable securities being recognized for financial statement purposes and not for income tax purposes. The resulting difference affects the deferred tax asset or liability accounts and represents the net change in deferred income tax expense (benefit).

Related Party Transactions

The Company shares office space with other corporations related through common ownership. Certain costs such as rent, salaries and office expenses, are incurred in common by all companies. The Company is allotted a share of these monthly expenses based upon management's estimate of the work done by each entity. Management believes this allocation is reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances. The company also receives consulting income from its affiliated corporation. There is no way to determine if the financial condition and results of operations would be different if the Company were operated as an unaffiliated corporation.

Note 2 - Administration

Administration charges reflect amounts paid to the Company's parent holding company for operating expenses and charges

Note 3 - Taxes on Income

The components of the income tax expense account are as follows:

	2002	_2001
Federal Income Tax	\$1,316	\$ 872
State Income Tax	<u>851</u>	800
Total Income Tax Expense	\$2,167	\$ <u>1,672</u>

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company signed a five year lease, subject to annual adjustments, on its present office located in Tiburon, California on October 1, 2000. The minimum lease payments for the next five years are as scheduled below, but as it shares office space with affiliated companies (see Note 1), its actual rental obligation may be substantially less than its contractual obligation.

January 31, 2003	42,840
January 31, 2004	42,840
January 31, 2005	42,840
September 30, 2005	<u>28,560</u>
_	\$ <u>157,080</u>

These notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 31, 2001 AND 2000

See Accountant's Audit Report

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies - Continued

In the opinion of management there are no pending lawsuits or other contingencies which will have a material effect on the Company's financial position

Note 5 - Credit Risks and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments that are subject to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and investment securities.

Cash

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which at times, may exceed federally insured limits. It believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash due to the financial strength of the institutions it maintains its deposits with.

Cash Equivalents

The Company invests its excess cash in money market accounts and short-term securities, and has established guidelines relative to diversification and maturities in an effort to maintain safety and liquidity.

Investment Securities

For securities held for investment purposes, fair values are estimated by management based on relevant market information and information about the securities.

The fair value estimates discussed above are made at a specific point in time and involve significant judgement and certain assumptions. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of any unrealized gains and losses have not been considered in the estimates.

Note 6 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the revised Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Uniform Net Capital Rule, Rule 15(c)3-1, which requires broker/dealers engaged in a general securities business to maintain a minimum net capital of \$250,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of not more than 15 to 1. At January 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$402,827 and an aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio of .003 to 1.

These notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

January 31, 2002

DAVID B. BENNETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 76 MAIN STREET, SUITE A TIBURON, CALIFORNIA 94920 [415] 435-5966

<u>Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure</u>
Required by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 17a-5

To the Stockholder Pacific Commonwealth Corporation

I have examined the financial statements of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation for the period ended January 31, 2002 and have issued my report thereon dated March 15, 2002. As part of my examination, I made a study and evaluation of the system of internal accounting control to the extent I considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5 in their making the periodic computations of their aggregate indebtedness and their net capital.

The object of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal accounting control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from a misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgement, carelessness, or other personal factors. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management with respect either to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to the estimates and judgements required in the preparation of financial statements. Furthermore, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, and that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

My study and evaluation of the system of internal accounting control for the year ended January 31, 2002, which was made for the purposes set forth in the first paragraph above, and would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system that may have existed during the period under review, disclosed no weaknesses that I believe to be material.

March 15, 2002 Tiburon, California

Quel Berry

DAVID B. BENNETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 76 MAIN STREET, SUITE A TIBURON, CALIFORNIA 94920 [415] 435-5966

Reconciliation of Net Capital With Company's Computation

To the Stockholder Pacific Commonwealth Corporation

I have examined the financial statements of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation for the period ended January 31, 2002 and have issued my report thereon dated March 15, 2002. As required by Rule 15(c)3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I made a comparison and reconciliation of the Company's net capital as reflected on its January 31, 2002 audited financial statement with the amount reported on its January 31, 2002 FOCUS report.

As the attached calculation indicates, the amount previously reported on the Company's FOCUS report is \$487 more than that reflected on its audited financial statement. The difference in net stockholder's equity and net capital is attributable to year-end tax adjustments.

A summary of the differences are as follows:

	_ Audit	<u>FOCUS</u>	Diff_
Net stockholder's equity Less: Non-allowable asset items Haircuts	\$ 476,231 69,146 4,258	\$ 476,718 69,146 4,258	\$ (487) -0- <u>-0-</u>
Net Capital	\$ <u>402,827</u>	\$ <u>403,314</u>	\$ <u>(487)</u>

and Bernen

March 15, 2002 Tiburon, California

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 15(c)3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION JANUARY 31, 2002

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Total liabilities for net capital purposes Less: deductions and/or changes	\$ 1,087
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	\$1,087
NET CAPITAL	
Total capital (stockholder's equity) per balance sheet Less: non-allowable asset items haircuts on securities	\$ 476,231 69,146 4,258
Total Net Capital	\$ <u>402,827</u>
NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
Net capital from above Minimum net capital requirement	\$ 402,827 250,000
Excess Net Capital	\$ <u>152,827</u>
PERCENT OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	.27%
RECONCILIATION OF DIFFERENCE IN NET CAPITAL AS REPORTED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR AND BY BROKER/DEALER ON FOCUS REPORT	
Net capital as reported by auditor Net capital as reported on FOCUS report	\$ 402,827 403,314
Difference	\$ 487